

# FORTHCOMING DATES & TICKET INFORMATION



Calendar Listing
Those events marked with an asterisk \* are University events

#### October

14 Sofia Kirman-Baez Soprano

21 Choral Scholars of Magdalen Choir

Anthony Chater Bass

#### November

4 Izzy Pitman *Soprano*11 George Robarts *Baritone* 

#### Henry Purcell: Dido and Aeneas

Conducted by James Orrell

17, 18, 19 November 2016, 8.30pm, New College Chapel

18 Lizzie Searle *Soprano*25 Ellie Bray *Soprano* 

#### December

2 Tom Dixon Countertenor

## Summer Opera: July 2017

5 (Preview), 8, 11, 12, 14, 15 July 2017

The Warden's Garden, New College

New Chamber Opera - New Chamber Opera Ensemble The Band of Instruments - Phoenix - Cutting Edge

Singing Patron James Bowman

Director of Productions Michael Burden

Director, the Summer Opera Steven Devine

Director, The Band of Instruments Roger Hamilton · Director, Opera Studio James Orrell
Repetiteurs James Orrell, Chloe Rooke · Company Secretary Clare Atkinson
Comptroller Graham Midgley · Wardrobe Diana Lintott, Fiona Hodges
Recitals Elizabeth Jones · Administrator Elizabeth Jones

New Chamber Opera · 4 Mansfield Road · Oxford OX1 3TA
Tel: 01865 281 966 · Fax: 01865 279 590 · Email: info@newchamberopera.co.uk
Web pages: http://www.newchamberopera.co.uk
Company No 3402769 · Charity No 1095069

#### TICKET DETAILS

Lunchtime Vocal Recitals 1.15pm

New College Antechapel £2/£1 concessions on the door

## Henry Purcell: Dido and Aeneas

Conducted by James Orrell

17, 18, 19 November 2016 8.30pm New College Chapel

Tickets £12 / £6 concessions

on the door and from http://www.ticketsource.co.uk /newchamberopera

### **Summer Opera**

Wednesday 5 (Preview)

\*\*Tuesday 11

New Chamber Opera
Please download forms from
http://www.newchamberopera.co.uk

After January 2017

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Saturday 8 & Friday 14

New College Development Office (01865) 279 337

Tuesday 11

OXPIP (01865) 778 034

Wednesday 12

Friends of the Oxford Botanic Garden (07722) 605 787

Saturday 15

Friends of WNO (01865) 408 045





# New Chamber Opera Studio



17, 18, 19 November 2016 8.30pm New College Ante-Chapel

> http://www.ticketsource.co.uk /newchamberopera

# Henry Purcell Dido and Aeneas

Conductor - James Orrell Director - Michael Burden

**Dido** *Lila Chrisp* **Aeneas** *George Robarts* **Belinda** *Gabriella Noble* 

Purcell's Dido and Aeneas is one of the most popular Baroque operas in the repertory today; paradoxically, it is also one of the slightest, lasting less than one hour, with a small chorus and band, only a few characters, and no spectacle. And yet Purcell's Dido emerges as one of the greatest and strongest 17th-century opera heroines, a woman with great decision, and one who, even after the great 19th-century tragic figures have trod the stage, still has appeal for a contemporary audience.

**Mailing List** 

**Mailing Lists.** Each hard copy and electronic mailing returns out of date addresses; it would be helpful if members of both mailing lists could keep their address up to date. Anyone who would like to join the electronic mailing list - used for reminders of forthcoming events - please let us know.





## Report

## Christian Thielemann

**Humanitas Visiting Professor of Opera** 

21-22 January 2016 T. S. Eliot Lecture Theatre

Extract from the review by Peter Schofield; the full text can be found here: http://peterschofieldsreviews.weebly.com/

The latest holder of the Humanitas Chair of Opera, 2015-2016 is one of today's leading conductors Christian Thielemann. Currently Principal Conductor of the Dresden Staatskapelle and Artistic Director of the Salzberg Easter Festival. He has conducted many times at Bayreuth following Meistersinger in 2010, all but one of Wagner's operas.

Thielemann led the Humanitas Opera Lecture Series in Merton College on 21, 22 January. This consisted of four events: a lecture 'A Conductor's point of View', In Conversation with Roger Allen 'Kapellmeister or Conductor?' and two more general discussions; 'Regietheater Revisited' and 'Performing Opera'. The opening lecture was a spellbinding rambling account of the Conductor's career which was set when as a talented sixteen-year old he was granted a fifteen - minute interview with von Karajan whose advice was to start conducting voices in opera or operetta to learn how music breathed. He went on to describe his experiences as a conductor contrasting the styles and venues required for Wagner and Strauss. It was essential for a conductor to have eye-contact communication with individual members of the orchestra, rather than formally directing them. He gave fascinating insights into the problems of balance and projection of sound in the Bayreuth Festspielhaus. Subtitled 'Commonalities

differences between Wagner and Strauss', the main conclusion seemed to be the difference in length of these composers' operas. The lecture is available on the TORCH website. This discussion in the conversation with Roger Allen where the different styles required for Bruckner and Wagner on one side and Mahler on the other. [...]

It has been a feature of the Humanitas Opera Lecture series to devote time to the state of opera in some aspect and its future. This year discussion centred on the role of the Director and his freedom to impose his own ideas on opera productions, under the title Regietheater Revisited. The importance of the director's role and its evolution throughout history was explained by Suzanne Aspden in the opening contribution to the roundtable discussion. The need for positive direction has evolved with opera production from princely salon to public theatre, from the days of charismatic singers, out-size castrati with pop-star status, able to improvise ad lib in the da capo of the aria to singers of today under pressure to resemble the role they are playing. [...]

cogent point was made by Thielemann that if there is too much added stage business from the Director the audience's senses are overwhelmed and it cannot concentrate on the underlying opera. This was nearly the case with the New York Met's production of Alban Berg's Lulu, reviewed 0th Week which was an outstanding example of how a creative director, totally in sympathy with the opera, can produce a success.



## New Chamber Opera Studio



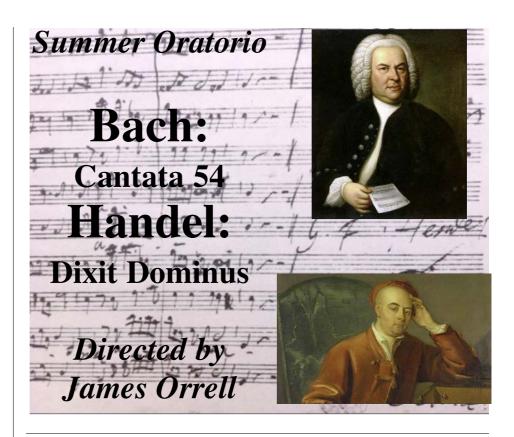
Review of
Rothschild's
Violin
Marco Galvani

James Orrell
Music director
Michael Burden
Director
Chloe Rooke
Repetiteur

11 & 12 February 2016 8.30pm New College Chapel

nose who fear for the current direction of contemporary opera might be reassured Rothschild's Violin. Galvani's harmonic language is modernist, to be sure, but with an acute ear for sonority that puts one in mind, perhaps, of a figure such as George Benjamin. The austere soundworld of the work's opening gives way to a string chorale of mesmerising beauty as Yakov's redemption builds momentum. And the percussive and sustained timbres of piano and gongs play a major part in creating the opera's distinctive atmosphere. Yakov is onstage virtually throughout, and the role was created with unwavering assurance in a tour de force performance by baritone Salvador Mascarenhas. He was needled and provoked by the bright tenor of Matthew Thomson as Rothschild, while mezzo Lila Chrisp brought feminine contrast to the tale as Yakov's ailing wife Martha. (It's one of opera's many delightful paradoxes that the sick and dying sing to their graves in full voice.) Baritone Robert Holbrook provided a touch of sinister comic relief as the Doctor whose bedside manner could be worked on a little.

Extract from David Threasher's notice in Oxford Cultrure Review 27 February 2016 theoxfordculturereview@gmail.com



8 June 2016 8.00pm New College Chapel

ach's canata 54, Widerstehe doch der Sünde appears to have been written for performance in 1714, and there are various suggestions as to which was the intended Sunday. The text was originally written by Georg Christian Lehms for Oculi, the third Sunday in Lent, and was published in 1711. The canata may have already been composed when Bach began his regular cantata compositions in Weimar in 1714, where, as concertmaster, he assumed the principal responsibility for new compositions. This is his first extant church cantata for a solo voice, and the first of four written for a single alto soloist.

he second work on the programme, Handel's *Dixit Dominus*, was composed while

the composer was working in Rome. Written in 1707 when Handel was 22, it is a setting of Psalm 110, and is believed to have formed part of a setting of the Carmelite Vespers for the feast of the Madonna del Carmine. The psalm shows Christ portrayed as a prophet, priest and king not only of his own people, but of all nations. Handel's Rome sojourn produced much elaborate and complex vocal music, including operas, cantatas, and oratorio, La resurrezione, performed on the Easter Sunday of under Handel's patron, Francesco Ruspoli. Dixit Dominus was supported by another patron, the Colonna family, and is most likely been performed on 16 July 1707 in the Church of Santa Maria in Montesanto.